

UTAH'S ELECTORAL VOTE DELIVERED

Messenger Loose Hands it to President of Senate—Plans for Public Building May be Thrown Open to Competition.

SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS."
Washington, D. C., Jan. 26.—C. E. Loane arrived here last evening and this morning delivered the electoral vote of Utah to the Senate.
Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor will recommend that Congress accept a clause in the bill for the appropriation of Salt Lake public building for which the plans can be thrown open for competition by outside architects. The law now says this work shall be done by the supervising architect of the treasury. It is believed this will settle all controversy as to the building.
Senator Rawlins introduced a bill granting pension at rate of \$12 per month to Jacob A. Ward of Callow, also bill granting pension to Loyd R. Stephen of \$60 per month in lieu of what he is now receiving.

WHAT THE LEGISLATURE HAS DONE.

Elected a U. S. senator on the first formal ballot.
Appropriated \$25,000 for regular and contingent expenses of the session.
Passed through the lower House an amendment to an act which will give railroad power to lease non-competing line in any State.
Introduced a bill to prevent compulsory vaccination.
Introduced a bill to raise the salaries of Supreme Court Justices from \$3,000 to \$5,000 a year.
Introduced a bill to raise the salary of the Governor and some other State officials.
Introduced a bill for the registration of plural marriages and the punishment of polygamists and bigamists.
Introduced a bill to provide for the burial of impecunious, honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines.
Introduced a bill repealing the act prohibiting the sale of liquor on Sunday.
Introduced a bill providing for the manner of locating and recording quartz and placer mining claims.
Introduced a bill for the organization of irrigation districts and the construction of reservoirs.
Introduced a bill for the use of safety apparatus in mines with vertical shafts.
Introduced a bill to create the office of State boiler inspector.
Introduced a bill for the establishment of a State school of mines.
Introduced a bill to prevent compulsory trading with any store or boarding at any boarding house.
Introduced a bill to provide for the safety and welfare of coal and hydrocarbon miners.
Introduced a bill for the protection of fish, game and birds.
Introduced a bill providing for damages to railroad employees injured by contributory negligence of fellow servants.
Introduced a bill setting forth irrigation and water laws.
Introduced a bill advocating the adoption of the metric system of weights and measures.
Introduced a bill prohibiting the use of Loyal Legion and G. A. R. insignia by those not entitled to them.

GERMANY'S PROTECTIVE POLICY.

Van Buelow Announces It—Will Endeavor to Secure Adequate Duties on Agricultural Products—Government Anxious for a New Tariff Bill.

Berlin, Jan. 26.—In the lower house of the diet today during the debate on the commercial estimates, the imperial minister, Count von Buelow, made an important announcement as follows:
"Fully recognizing the present difficult conditions of agriculture and animated by a desire to effectually improve it the Prussian government has resolved to endeavor to secure adequate protective duties for agricultural products and, therefore, an increase of the present rates, sufficient to attain that end. The government is also anxious to expedite in every way the introduction of a new tariff bill."
The announcement was greeted with loud cheers.

EMBEZZLER NEELY OFF FOR CUBA

In Good Spirits on Leaving Jail—Says He is Glad He is Going Back Because He Will Explain and be Acquitted.

New York, Jan. 25.—Chas. F. W. Neely, the former postal official who was ordered extradited to Cuba for fraud on charges of embezzlement, left today for Cuba and was taken aboard a steamer for Cuba. Neely seemed to be in the best of spirits on leaving jail, where he had been confined since May 22, 1900. He said to one of the wardens:
"I am glad I am going back to Cuba, because I can readily explain away and will be acquitted."
Dubois' case by Mr. Helfield and in Mr. Cullon's case by Mr. Mason.
The desk of the Illinois senator was covered with flowers and upon his appearance, the first since his re-election, he was greeted by his associates on the floor.
Mr. Hoar (Mass.), introduced, and the Senate passed, a resolution asking for all information at the command of the President or any executive officer of the government as to the extent of lands in the Philippine Islands held for educational purposes, the character and value of such lands and whether any official had on behalf of the government entered into any obligation as to the titles of such lands.

JAPANESE CONSUL PROTESTS.

Objects to Having Merchants on the Sound Treated as Immigrants.
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 25.—The Japanese consul at Vancouver has protested to Washington against the action of the United States immigration officers on the sound in treating Japanese merchants belonging to that city and other places on the "Canadian side of the sound as immigrants. It is understood that the Japanese government acting upon the advice of their consul at Vancouver has decided to issue no more passports to immigrants bound for British Columbia on account of the enforcement of the naval act by the government of this province.

Verdi Barely Alive.

Rome, Jan. 26.—The special dispatch to the Patria announcing the death of Verdi was obviously premature, later dispatches from Milan announcing that the composer was still alive, but slowly expiring at 7 o'clock this morning.

WAR REVENUE STAMPS STOLEN

The Amount May Reach a Million Dollars or More.

OCCURRED AT PEORIA, ILL.

Robbers Entered Offices Through a Transom—Officials Profess Ignorance of Value of Stamps Taken.
Peoria, Ill., Jan. 26.—The safe in the office of the collector of internal revenue in this city, which is headquarters of the Fifth Illinois district, was broken into last night and a large quantity of war revenue stamps taken.
Entrance to the revenue offices, which occupy an entire side of the second floor of the government building, was effected through an open transom. The robbers bored through the vault door and into the bar which turns the bolts into place. Then by the use of hammer and chisel they broke the bar, which is on the inside of the door. Afterwards they took the bricks out at the side of the safe and easily pried open the vault door.
The authorities claim that they will have no idea of the value of the stamps taken until after the contents of the safe have been inventoried. It is possible that the amount may reach one million dollars or more, and it is equally possible that it may be considerably smaller. This district pays more internal revenue than any other district in the country.
Deputy Collector Marshall, who is in charge of the department during Collector Dougherty's serious illness, refuses to make any estimate whatever. Others connected with the department assert that \$100,000 will cover the government's loss. Chief of Police Flynn says that from what his detectives have gathered he considers that amount high. Others besides the government lost by the steal. J. E. Tompkins, a deputy in the department, had mortgages, bonds and notes to the amount of \$4,000, and \$100 in cash, in the vault, all of which were taken, as was other negotiable paper and cash belonging to other employees of the department. Auditors are expected to arrive before Monday morning, and the contents of the safe will then be inventoried.

CREEK INDIAN UPRISING.

The Redmen Are Restless but Thus Far No Violence Has Been Done.

Situation Has Been Exaggerated—Snake Band Well Organized—Presence of Troops Salutary.
Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 26.—A staff correspondent of the Star, sent into the Creek country to investigate the trouble among the Indians, writes today as follows from Muskogee, I. T.:
"That the situation regarding the Indian uprising has been somewhat exaggerated by certain correspondents there can be no doubt. It is true the Indians are restless, but so far no violence has been done. However, the Snake band is well organized, and if whiskey should get among them or some deputy should become indiscreet, there might be some trouble. But a general uprising at the present time is out of the question. The presence of the United States troops at Henrietta is bound to have a good effect, as it will convince the Indians, who have taken Crazy Snake's word as gospel, that the President of the United States has not given him the authority to make Creek laws, as he has been claiming."
"Crazy Snake says that when he was last in Washington he called upon William A. Jones, commissioner of Indian affairs, and prayed to him for relief from the unjust terms of the Curtis act. He says that Mr. Jones told him to return home and that the Creeks might make their own laws hereafter. Snake insists that he has received statements from Jones to prove his assertion. However, no one who has seen these letters can be found."
"Politics, it is said, have entered somewhat into the exaggerated reports sent out from this section. The present United States marshal, Leo D. Bennett, has a bidder for his office and his enemies, it is said, have been giving color to the sensational reports, and saying that another marshal would have made wholesale arrests from the start, and thereby put a stop to even the suspicion of an uprising. The fact of the matter is that under recently adopted regulations by the department at Washington Bennett has been powerless to act without permission from the federal officials there. This permission came only last night. Bennett is busy today getting provisions and supplies together preparatory to starting tomorrow with about twenty deputies to join the soldiers at Henrietta."

Bennett says his mission is to fight if necessary, but principally to convince the Indians that Snake has no authority from the federal government to make laws, and that Snake and his followers are violating the laws of the United States when they attempt to enforce the old laws of the Creeks.
"Marshal Bennett, Indian Agent J. B. Shoemaker, and J. W. Sevely, of the interior department, are in constant consultation. All agree in saying that they do not anticipate any serious trouble, but add that they are prepared for any situation that may arise."

Battling for Senators.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 26.—Frank gained two more votes today on joint ballot for short term senator. The labor vote today went to McGinnis. Following is the vote:
Mantle (Rep.), 23; Frank, 24; McGinnis, 12; Cooper, 8; Conrad, 5; Hoffman, 3.
Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 26.—The vote on United States senate today was:
Allen (fusion), 46; W. H. Thompson (fusion), 25; Cronin, 6; Currie, 15; Hagner, 4; Hinchshaw, 16; Hitchcock (fusion), 35; Meigs (fusion), 23; Martin, 6; Rosewater, 15; D. E. Thompson, 24; Berge (fusion), 4; scattering 8; absentees 22.

THE COMMITTEE IS UNANIMOUS.

Will Recommend the Passage of the McMillan Measure.

REPORT GOES IN ON MONDAY

Believed That the Bill Will Not Have Many Opponents—Talk About Executive Veto.
One of the members of the committee of the lower house of the Legislature, which has had under consideration the passage of the McMillan bill, today informed a "News" reporter that the committee had unanimously decided to recommend the passage of the measure, and that it had drawn up its report accordingly which will be made to the house on Monday.
This member referred to thinks the bill will pass that body at once, as it has been read twice and placed on its final passage. It will then go at once to the Senate, and as part of the committee was made up of members from the upper house, they will be able to report on the proposition without delay. The bill may pass both houses on Monday.
This same legislator expressed the belief, that in the event of the governor vetoing the bill, a two-thirds majority could easily be obtained in both houses of the Legislature to pass it over such veto.
The prevailing sentiment among the legislators is to support the measure, inasmuch as a majority of their constituents are clamoring for relief from what is equivalent to compulsory vaccination, they cannot do otherwise than give them relief, letting the consequences abide with the people.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE.

He Lands at Port Victoria and Immediately Proceeds to Cowes.
London, Jan. 26.—The German crown prince, Frederick William, who left Potsdam yesterday was met at the landing at Port Victoria this morning by an entourage of the king and a member of the German embassy, who accompanied him to London on his way to Osborne. The crown prince, who wore a black suit and a felt hat remained in his saloon carriage during the few minutes which were occupied in changing engines at Victoria station. As the train started for Portsmouth he uncovered his head in response to the salutes of the soldiers and sailors. Emperor William awaited his son at Portsmouth dock yard and greeted him most affectionately. The emperor and the crown prince spent an hour in inspecting the dock yard, after which they embarked on board the royal yacht Albert for Cowes.

NEW SENATOR IN PARK CITY.

Hon. Thomas Kearns Warmly Welcomed There Today.

IS PLEASANTLY SURPRISED.

Met by a Delegation of Citizens Headed by a Brass Band—Makes a Brief Address.
The newly elected U. S. senator, Thomas Kearns, was greeted with a welcome surprise when he arrived at his old home, Park City, this morning, where he had gone to attend a meeting of the directors of the Silver King mine in which he is the largest stockholder. When the train drew into "The Park" at 10:15, the platform was crowded and a brass band was blaring forth to the citizens that "Tom Kearns" had returned to his own clothed in new dignity.
The senator was warmly greeted by his friends when he alighted from the train and the band and a large crowd accompanied him to the Silver King mine. Arrived here the people would no longer be denied and Mr. Kearns made them a short address from the front of the mine office, in which he thanked them for their friendly welcome, and assured them that he would make the most of his opportunities in the Senate, as he had done as a miner. He will return to his home in Salt Lake this evening.
The reception to be given by Senator and Mrs. Kearns at the Knutsford, Monday night is being anticipated with much interest and not a little curiosity on the part of those who are not acquainted with Mr. Kearns.
On Tuesday the new senator will start for Washington. His adviser and manager in his senatorial race, Jos. Lippman, will accompany him to the Senate, and Kearns to the capital, though not, it is understood as secretary. Mr. Lippman will merely accompany the senator as his adviser and remain in Washington till after the Presidential inauguration in March.

SILVER KING AFFAIRS.

Election of Officers and Declaration of Dividend.

(SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS.")
Park City, Jan. 26.—Senator Kearns, of the Silver King mine, came up from Salt Lake today to attend the annual meeting of the directors. The meeting was still being held at 3:30 this afternoon. The principal business to be transacted was the election of officers and the declaration of a dividend. The election of officers was held at 3:30 and the results were as follows: President, Jos. Lippman; Vice President, W. H. Thompson; Secretary, W. H. Thompson; Treasurer, W. H. Thompson. The dividend was declared at 3:30 and the results were as follows: Dividend, \$100,000; Total, \$1,000,000.

STOCK EXCHANGE MEETING.

Election of Governing Board in Progress This Afternoon.

A very animated meeting of the members of the Salt Lake Stock and Mining Exchange was held this afternoon. In the election of the governing board for the ensuing year an attempt was made to break a couple of slates. This developed a great deal of excitement, and also helped to greatly prolong the session. At 3:30 this afternoon the results of the first ballot were being canvassed on the agreement that the nine members receiving the greatest number of votes were to be declared elected.

NEW GOVERNING BOARD.

The following members of the exchange were elected to act as the governing board of the exchange for the ensuing year: H. W. Doscher, M. S. Pendergast, D. H. Peery, Jr., E. G. Woodley, Jr., Joseph Oberdorfer, W. H. Childs, W. H. Tibbals, R. L. Colburn and Herman Ramberger.
The secretary's report showed that the total amount of business transacted on the exchange amounted to \$2,566,295.75, which represents the sale of 5,132,400 shares of stock. Owing to the fact that the dues were reduced from \$2 to \$1 during the year, the receipts are not as great as they were a year or two ago. The disbursements for the year amounted to nearly \$2,700.

LATE LOCALS.

No more new books will be placed upon the shelves of the public library until additional room is provided by the city officials.
One of the most prominent wholesale hay and grain merchants in the city said today, regarding the price of hay: "Hay is worth at least one dollar more a ton this year than at the same time last year though the crop output is estimated at about the same amount. The apparent cause for this is that more owners of live stock here in the valley and elsewhere are buying the hay in the stack and feeding their cattle from that. Some who always before ranged their cattle are feeding at least some this year."

MILITARY EXAMINING BOARD FOR HAWAII.

Washington, Jan. 26.—A board of officers with Maj. B. D. Taylor, surgeon, as president, has been appointed to meet at Camp McKinley, Honolulu, March 1st, to examine candidates for admission to the United States military academy.

INSPECTING SOUTHERN PHILIPPINES.

Manila, Jan. 26.—Maj. Maus, of the surgeon's department; Capt. Ahearn, chief of the forestry bureau, and Capt. Horton, assistant chief quartermaster, sailed today on board the Alava to complete the inspection of certain of the southern islands, and recommend sites for leper and penal colonies.
The Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth regiments have been ordered to Manila from the Visayan region, preparatory to returning to the United States.
The Twentieth regiment, which has been constantly on provost duty in Manila, has been ordered to Vigan.
The Thirtieth regiment will be brought to Manila soon.

COUNTY HEALTH BOARD MOVES NOW.

Rescinds Former Action Relating to Closing of the Schools at a Special Meeting Held Today.

Meeting Held Today.

The county board of health, consisting of the three county commissioners, County Physician Mayo and Doctors A. G. Robertson, of Sandy, and E. O. Jones, of Murray, held a session this morning to consider matters pertaining to the county's health. The main feature of the meeting was the adoption of the following report of the committee which has had the subject under consideration for some time past:
Salt Lake City, Jan. 26, 1901.
To the Board of Health, Salt Lake County:
Gentlemen:—Your committee appointed to consider the petition of Oscar Van Cott and others, presented Jan. 12, asking for more stringent methods in certain particulars, regarding the existence of smallpox in Salt Lake county, respectfully report that they have inquired into the situation complained of and submit the following recommendations:
1.—That owing to the unsatisfactory results achieved by the methods now followed, so much of the rules or orders of the county board of health adopted on Friday, December 14, 1900, as now remain in effect, be rescinded, and that a more general, systematic and vigorous effort be made within the board's jurisdiction to stamp out the disease.
2.—That with a view to this further effort, the county commissioners and county physician be requested to ascertain the feasibility of providing additional accommodations for the isolation of patients, by establishing a detention hospital in health district No. 2.
3.—That prompt action be taken to secure data as to cases of smallpox that have occurred in Salt Lake county during the present outbreak, and to ascertain all new cases and obtain reports of the same without unnecessary delay.
We find that there has been a lamentable neglect in collecting information and making a record of these cases, the county board of health being entirely without the data required by law.
4.—That the county attorney be requested to enforce firmly and impartially the law requiring physicians and others to report cases of contagious diseases; and that the board of health take immediate steps to facilitate the enforcement of the required reports.
We find that, so far as the records of this board disclose, there has been an almost total disregard of section 12, chapter 45, laws of 1899, by physicians and others in Salt Lake county required to report.
5.—That the disinfecting and visiting officer or officers suggested to the county commissioners, and who will, we understand, be granted as occasion requires, act under the direction of the county physician, as the latter is a paid official.
6.—That the county clerk be requested to act as clerk of the board of health, and to keep in his office the records thereof, also to obtain a record of past meetings of this board.
7.—That the county superintendent of schools and trustees of the various school districts be requested to aid the board of health in obtaining data required to make the record of all contagious and infectious diseases as complete as possible.
8.—That infractions of quarantine regulations be prosecuted.
9.—That the period of reduced price of vaccination provided for school children terminate on Feb. 1.
10.—That the health officers in the various districts be requested to make immediate report to the county board of health of cases of smallpox existing in their respective districts on Jan. 26, 1901.
11.—That the county physician, with such assistance as he may invite, be requested to draft and present for adoption an ordinance of sanitary rules for Salt Lake county.
12.—That the trustees of the various school districts in the county be requested to fumigate the public school buildings under their charge, where it has not been done recently, according to instructions of the county physician; which instructions will be furnished on application to the clerk of the board of health; and that such fumigation be done between the 1st and 15th of February, 1901. Further, that a similar request be made of all owners, proprietors or persons in control of houses of public worship, school buildings, public halls, or buildings where dances, entertainments, or public assemblages are held. Reports of such fumigation to be made to the county clerk.
The report was adopted unanimously except as to Dr. Jones, who objected to the first paragraph as far as it rescinds the order of the board made on December 14th, 1900.
The appended resolutions were also adopted by the board:
Resolved, That the resolution of the Salt Lake county board of health, adopted Friday, Dec. 14, 1900, relating to schools, and reduced price for vaccination and the free vaccination of certain pupils, be and the same is hereby rescinded.
Resolved, That the Salt Lake county commissioners be, and they are hereby, requested to furnish the necessary blank forms for reports required in the recommendations made and adopted this day, by the county board of health. After transacting some other routine business, the board adjourned subject to the call of Chairman Anderson.

FIGHT IS ON BETWEEN BOARDS.

It seems that the action of the board of education last night in ordering the schools to be opened to all children irrespective of vaccination has only strengthened the determination of the health officers that such shall not be done.

City Health Commissioner King, stated this morning that the board of health would exercise every vestige of legal authority that it possessed, to close the schools against unvaccinated children, and he affirmed that the board had power to do that. The necessity for prosecuting the board, and that the board of health would maintain itself against the vaccination of hundreds of the school children has, he says, diminished it to some extent.
Dr. Beatty stated that the order of the board of education only enhanced their liability to prosecution, and that the members of the board, but the teachers themselves are amenable to the law. "We propose to see that our order is enforced," continued Dr. Beatty, "with the motive only of protecting the health of the public and the children, for which purpose we hold our office. The board of health will ascertain on Monday how many children, if any, who have not been vaccinated have again entered school, and when that is ascertained proceedings will be at once instituted against the members of the school board, and probably against the teachers in whose schools the unvaccinated children appear. We feel, however, that the responsibility should rest upon those members of the school board who passed the order and upon the teachers. The fight is not in bitterness, but with only a genuine concern for the welfare of the public health."

DEATH OF AGED CITIZEN.

David Moore, Bishop of Mound Fort, Succumbs to Old Age.

(SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS.")
Ogden, Jan. 26.—David Moon, one of Ogden's oldest citizens both in the point of years and in the point of residence, died at his home in Mound Fort today at 12 o'clock. Deceased had reached the advanced age of 82 years and succumbed to the ravages they had worked upon him. He was for years Bishop of Mound Fort ward, and there are hosts of people who will join with his numerous family in sincerely mourning his demise.
The funeral will be held from the Mound Fort meeting house on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited.

STRIKE SITUATION.

Up to a late hour this afternoon the news from the scene of the strike at Scofield was of a reassuring nature, all being quiet and no new developments. The Castle Gate, Clear Creek and Sunnyside mines are running with a full force of men who are apparently unaffected by the action of the Scofield miners.

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